



Mongolian Women's Fund

2019 ANNUAL REPORT



OUR FUNDERS



24
COMPANIES

339
INDIVIDUAL DONORS

EMPOWERING WOMEN FOR SOCIAL CHANGE



CONTENT

List of acronyms

About Mongolian Women's Fund

Greetings

Grantmaking Program

Fighting gender-based discrimination and ensuring gender equality

Supporting women's rights and environmental justice, strengthening the capacity for climate change adaptation

Strengthening women's movement and participation in decision-making

Empowering young women and girls

Providing spaces to women's organizations and groups for dialogues and sharing

Local fundraising program

Local donors united for bringing changes in women's lives

Financial Operations

Board of Directors and Executive Team

Our donors

ACRONYMS

CRC	Citizens' Representative Council
CSO	Civil Society Organizaiton
DEC	Department of Education and Culture
EBRD	European Bank for Reconstruction and Development
FYCDA	Family, Youth and Child Development Agency
GIA	Gender Impact Assessment
LBT	Lesbian Bisexual and Transgender
LGBT	Lesbian Gay Bisexual and Transgender
MECSS	Ministry of Education, Culture, Science and Sports
MNB	Mongolian National Public Radio and Television
MONES	Mongolian Women's Fund
NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
SHWP	Sexual harassment in work place

ABOUT MONGOLIAN WOMEN'S FUND

Mongolian Women's Fund (MONES) promotes feminist philanthropy and mobilizes resources from international women's funds, international and domestic donors for protection of women's rights.

MONES provides grants to urban and rural NGOs, women-led CSOs and women's groups to ensure women and girls equally participate in all aspects of social life, address violations of women's rights, build the environment that is free from gender-based violence.

Our aim is to end gender-based discrimination against women and girls, increase women's participation in leadership and decision-making levels, empower young women, girls and women from marginalized groups, and strengthen women's movement through alliances, networks and partnerships.

To achieve this goal, we provide grants for national- and local-level advocacy work on protection of women's rights; research and studies on women's status and rights; strengthening women's movements that work on women's and girls' rights, security and livelihood; building the capacity of women's organizations and groups.

For the purpose of fostering feminist philanthropy and promoting the significance of investing in women's development, our Fund works with women leaders from different sectors, rural women, women with disabilities, mothers with children with special needs, sexual minority women, ethnic minority women, human rights defenders, activists, volunteers, women and girls who want to change their lives.



Dear friends,

Respect for human rights and women's human rights has been declared at all levels, but the discrimination against women continue to exist. Moreover, there is a growing need for our work to end violations of women's rights.

Serious women's rights violations, such as domestic violence, sexual violence against women and girls, sexual harassment in workplace, are on the rise. Institute of Forensic Science conducted a study on sexual violence against girls, and classified by age the sexual abuse cases reported in the last three years. According to this study, every year, there are at least 2 cases of sexual abuse of infant girls under the age of 12 months, there are more than 10 cases of sexual abuse of 1-to-4 year old girls, more than 30 cases of sexual abuse of girls between ages 5 and 9. And, the number of reported cases increased exponentially with the increase of age groups¹. Therefore, we have developed a methodology on how to prevent and protect girls from sexual abuse and conducted trainings for 4-5 year old children, their parents and preschools staff. The training module is closely linked to the pre-school education curriculum, so there is a potential that it will continue to be implemented on a regular basis, which, I am confident, will contribute to the protection of girls from sexual violence and abuse in the future.

This year, we submitted to lawmakers a proposal to include provisions in the Labor Law and other relevant laws on prohibition of sexual harassment in workplace, a form of gender-based violence.

The women's movements in Arkhangai and Zavkhan provinces, and Baganuur district documented the

negative impacts of mining on women herders, such as pollution of drinking water, violation of the right to live in healthy and safe environment, health issues, lack of access to pastures for cattle and reduced productivity in livestock, which is the main source of their livelihood. Women-activists delivered these evidences to local decision makers and successfully advocated revoking mining licenses, preventing the issuance of new licenses, and even closing some mines.

The women's movement is convinced that having one goal and one voice will help them to achieve the desired results. With the help of Movement Capacity Assessment Tool, developed and piloted by Global Fund for Women, MONES analyzed the current situation of the Gender Equality movement in Dornod province and identified the areas for future considerations. This assessment has made a valuable contribution to the development of movement self-assessment and development tool that can be used by other women's movements.

It is important to highlight the increase in the number of domestic donors, both individual and corporate, which, in turn, increased the access to services for single mothers with children with special needs, women and girl survivors of violence.

We truly thank our sister Women's Funds, international and national organizations, esteemed individual donors, partner organizations and groups, who have inspired us over the years to work vigorously, consistently, and stay true to our principle of leaving no one behind!



SH. TSEVELMAA

Chair of the Board

Former First Lady of Mongolia



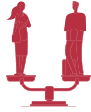
B. ERDENECHIMEG

Executive Director

¹ Study on STD and HIV infections among women and girls due to rape, 2018

GRANTMAKING PROGRAM

MONES provided grants to women's rights NGOs, groups and women-led CSOs working for women's empowerment in the following areas:



Eliminating gender-based discrimination and ensuring gender equality



Increasing women's participation in good governance, accountability and transparency



Empowering girls and young women



Strengthening women's movement and increasing women's participation in decision-making



Promoting women's rights and environmental justice, and increasing women's resilience to climate change



Improving the quality of life of women

In 2019, WE GAVE
84 GRANTS FOR THE
 TOTAL OF
\$291,651

52

Total number of women's NGOs and groups that received grants

16

Number of new women's NGOs and groups that received grants



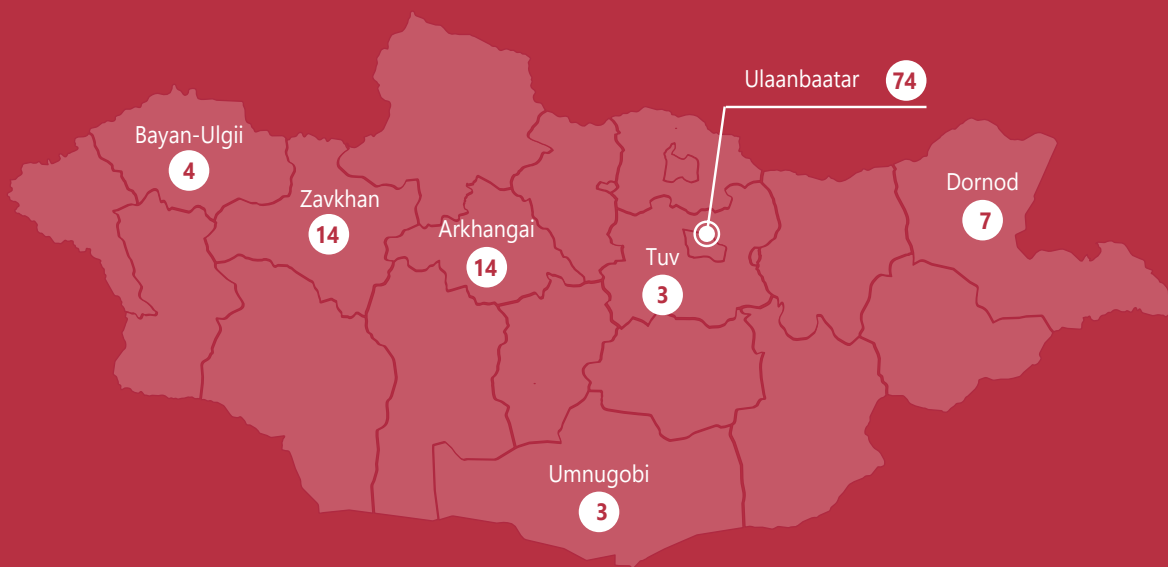
168 497

Number of direct beneficiaries



520 991

Number of indirect beneficiaries



21 provinces - trainings conducted in partnership with DEC

GRANTMAKING AREAS



Eliminating gender-based discrimination and ensuring gender equality

01 43.3%

Increasing women's participation in good governance, accountability and transparency

02 10.7%

Empowering girls and young women

03 19.2%

Strengthening women's movement and increasing women's participation in decision-making

04 3.9%

Promoting women's rights and environmental justice, and increasing women's resilience to climate change

05 18.8%

Improving the quality of life of women

06 4.1%



ELIMINATING GENDER-BASED DISCRIMINATION AND ENSURING GENDER EQUALITY

Awareness on sexual violence developed in young children through the pre-school curriculum.

Grantee-partners:

Intellectual Kids
NGO, Parent-Teacher
Association NGO, Uran
Tssets Association NGO,
Sustainable Development
Without Borders NGO

Stakeholders and partner organizations:

MECSS, FYCDA, Teachers'
Professional Development
Institute (21 provinces),
MED in 9 districts, all
kindergartens, MNB, TV9,
Mongol HD
Marchaakhai LLC
ikon.mn

Many factors contribute to sexual violence. And, children do not know that no one is allowed to touch their private parts, parents' knowledge on how to protect their daughters from potential sexual violence is not sufficient, and preschool curricula does not address this issue. Therefore, providing children with the awareness and skills to prevent and protect against potential violence through pre-school education is crucial for preventing girls from becoming victims of sexual violence in the future and boys from becoming sexual abusers.

In 11 kindergartens, a training was piloted teaching 4-5 year olds about what body parts no one is allowed to touch and who to talk to if someone touched them. The training, also, involved their parents and kindergarten teachers. Based on this pilot project, the training was rolled out to all kindergartens nationwide. The training was attended by more than 8,000 teachers, more than 130,000 4-5 year old children and their parents.

The animations were created, in collaboration with five national media outlets, to raise parents' and girls' awareness on protection from sexual violence, and they were distributed to 323,923 people through social media platforms and to 220,000 people through key TV channels.

The job descriptions of preschool teachers included the duty to provide children with knowledge on protection from sexual violence, the professional development program for preschool teachers included the topic of prevention and protection from violence, and the child protection policy of the preschool education sector, expected to be approved next year, included the section on creating violence-free environment in pre-schools.



Protecting the rights of LBT women through art

The biggest problem lesbian, bisexual, and transgender women face in our society is stigmatization and discrimination. In order to help young women and girls to deal with stress, to provide accurate information about LGBT people in the society 15 participants were selected to participate in a program to express themselves through art.

These participants exhibited more than 50 art works in the annual "Art for Rights" exhibition and launched a media campaign "Stop Discrimination". As a result of this work, another step has been taken to build public awareness and change public attitude on LBT women's issues.

One Billion Rising campaign to stop violence against women and girls

This year, a public walk event was organized for the seventh year under the theme "WOMEN'S WALL OF UNITY" to spread the voices of victims/survivors of violence and call for an end to violence and victim-blaming attitude. The public walks were organized in 21 provinces and 3 districts of Ulaanbaatar.

Grantee-partners:

LBT center NGO, Beautiful Hearts Campaign NGO

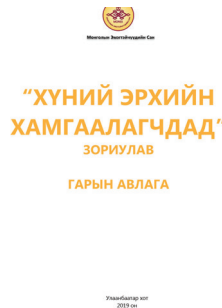


Publications

Монголын эмэгтэйчүүдийн сангаас эрхлэн гаргасан, мөн захиалан хийлгэсэн судалгааны тайлан, гарын авлагыг манай цахим хуудаснаас татаж аваарай.



Training module on prevention and protection of children from sexual violence



Handbook for human rights defenders



Crimes against children's sexual integrity (causes and factors)



Art for Rights



Gender equality and the rights of female athletes in sports (gender analysis report)



Document on Sexual harassment in work place



Rules for online safety



YouTube Mongolian Women's Fund

Хамгаалагч жаал хүүхэдэйн кино
Mongolian Women's Fund
subscribe

Бажуунаагийн түүх
Mongolian Women's Fund
subscribe

Тусламж авч чадна даа би хүүхдийн дуу
Mongolian Women's Fund
subscribe

Аюулгүйн дүрэм - Муу нууц
Mongolian Women's Fund
subscribe

Эцэг эхчүүд хүүхдийн төлөшлийг тодорхойлно
Mongolian Women's Fund
subscribe

Найздаа тусалсан нь хүүхэдэйн кино
Mongolian Women's Fund
subscribe

Аюулгүйн дүрэм - Шинэ найз
Mongolian Women's Fund
subscribe

Аюулгүйн дүрэм - Хаалгаа тайлж болохгүй!
Mongolian Women's Fund
subscribe

Safe online environment for girls

As the use of the Internet increases in our country, the dark side of online dating is taking place in a hidden way through deception and, consequently, rape. Therefore, two videos "Prevention of online sexual harassment" and "Rules for online safety" were released to inform teenagers about the safe and smart use of the Internet, and prevent online sexual harassment and online date rape.

In addition, a podcast "Being a role model for online safety", printed and online materials provided advice to parents of teenage girls. As a result, there has been an increase in parental involvement in the prevention of violence against adolescent girls, as evidenced by the number of visits and comments.



There is a saying "People, no matter how smart, will not understand until they are told". So, I am very happy that the information on this issue has been disseminated. There are many teenagers, especially girls, who have never been informed or even heard of this issue before. From the comments and appreciations people have left in the comments, I can see that many people have been reached and influenced

Parents' comments

ЦАХИМ ОРЧНЫГ АЮУЛГҮЙ ХЭРЭГЛЭХ ЗӨВЛӨГӨӨ



1 Танихгүй хүнд хувийн мэдээллээ **БҮҮ** өг!

ТАВДУГААР САР
БЭГЭЙН ХУЧИРХИЙЛЭЛЭС
УЙЦЬЛИМАН СЭРГИЙТӨХ САР

ДЭМБСЭЭ

2 Хэн нэгэн хүчирхийлэл, гэмт хэрэг, буруу зүйлд уруу татахыг оролдвол **BLOCK**-лоорой.

ТАВДУГААР САР
БЭГЭЙН ХУЧИРХИЙЛЭЛЭС
УЙЦЬЛИМАН СЭРГИЙТӨХ САР

ДЭМБСЭЭ

3 Танихгүй нэгний захидалд **БҮҮ ХАРИУЛ**аарай.

ТАВДУГААР САР
БЭГЭЙН ХУЧИРХИЙЛЭЛЭС
УЙЦЬЛИМАН СЭРГИЙТӨХ САР

ДЭМБСЭЭ

4 Хувийн зураг, мэдээлэл оруулахдаа **ЭРГЭЛЗЭЖ** байвал эцэг, эхтэйгээ **ЗӨВЛӨДӨӨРЭЙ**.

ТАВДУГААР САР
БЭГЭЙН ХУЧИРХИЙЛЭЛЭС
УЙЦЬЛИМАН СЭРГИЙТӨХ САР

ДЭМБСЭЭ

5 Танилцах зарын группт **БҮҮ НЭГД**ээрэй.

ТАВДУГААР САР
БЭГЭЙН ХУЧИРХИЙЛЭЛЭС
УЙЦЬЛИМАН СЭРГИЙТӨХ САР

ДЭМБСЭЭ

6 Танихгүй хүнтэй **НАЙЗ** болохын өмнө **САЙТАР БОД**.

ТАВДУГААР САР
БЭГЭЙН ХУЧИРХИЙЛЭЛЭС
УЙЦЬЛИМАН СЭРГИЙТӨХ САР

ДЭМБСЭЭ

7 Өөрийн талаарх хувийн мэдээллээ **PRIVATE** болгоорой.

ТАВДУГААР САР
БЭГЭЙН ХУЧИРХИЙЛЭЛЭС
УЙЦЬЛИМАН СЭРГИЙТӨХ САР

ДЭМБСЭЭ

8 Өөрийн хаяг, мэдээллээ танихгүй хүнд **БҮҮ ХАРУУЛ**аарай.

ТАВДУГААР САР
БЭГЭЙН ХУЧИРХИЙЛЭЛЭС
УЙЦЬЛИМАН СЭРГИЙТӨХ САР

ДЭМБСЭЭ

9 **УТСАА** дотны хүмүүсээсээ бусдад **БҮҮ АШИГЛУУЛ**аарай.

ТАВДУГААР САР
БЭГЭЙН ХУЧИРХИЙЛЭЛЭС
УЙЦЬЛИМАН СЭРГИЙТӨХ САР

ДЭМБСЭЭ

WOMEN'S RIGHTS AND ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE

Women are raising their voices against negative impacts of mining

Grantee-partners: It has been many years since more than 30 licensed and unlicensed mining companies operated in Orkhon bagh of Tsenkher soum in Arkhangai province, polluting the Orkhon River, making it impossible to rehabilitate the soil, leaving women herders, residents without drinking water.

Bolor Soul NGO in Arkhangai province, We Will Help You NGO, Capable Development Future NGO

In the past 3 years, local women's NGOs and groups have been working to build the capacity of women herders to assess and document the negative effects of mining on their rights, and raise their voices. The women's NGOs and groups helped to strengthen the public voice against mining, which left local community without drinking water, and they contributed to a local government decision to revoke all gold mining licenses in Orkhon bagh. However, the negative effects of mining remain and the problems of safe drinking water and pastures are still unresolved. Therefore, they continue their work to restore the rights of local people and women to live in a safe environment and prevent reopening of the gold mines.

Also, the local women-activists wrote a play and performed it, in collaboration with artists from the provincial Music and Drama Theater, to show the negative impacts and the consequences of mining on daily lives of herder families in the mining area. Also, the local NGOs made a TV documentary, which was broadcast to local residents and decision-makers informing them that the territory of Orkhon bagh could not be rehabilitated due to the gold mines. Women herders are confident that pastoralism will be revived, that their income from milk and dairy products will increase, and that safe drinking water will be available again.



Women take the lead in revoking mining licenses in Zavkhan province and preventing shortages of drinking water for herders

Grantee-partners: A buzz that Zavkhan province is far from the mining frenzy has long been left behind. In the soums of the Gobi region, the excessive use of groundwater for mining operations under many exploration and extraction licenses has reduced the flow of wells. Women herders have to fetch water from far-off areas, move to remote pastures for their livestock. Local women herders did not know who to contact and how to report these challenges to get them addressed, how to monitor compliance of the mining companies with relevant laws, how to access information, and how to identify adverse mining impacts.

Urnukh Hugjil NGO, CEDAW Watch NGO branch in Zakhvan province, Zavkan branch of Association of Local Media NGO

In Altan, Baganuur, Bayanzurkh baghs of Erdenekhairkhan soum and Mandal bagh of Zavkhanmandal soum in Zavkhan province, local women herders provided the local women's NGOs with their complaints about the negative impacts of mining on their lives, and the NGOs and groups worked together to identify violations of women's rights related to mining, provided training and tools to local women on how to work. Active local women united their voices for their rights and formed a group to oppose the issuance of additional licenses, organized meetings with local government officials and elected members of Citizens' Representative Councils, and presented their petition to stop issuing new mining licenses to Citizens' Representative Council.

Subsequently, mining company Shuvuun Khar Uul, which had not entered into a cooperation agreement with the local government and did not provide information to the local public, was shut down temporarily. This has played an important role in preventing the shortage of drinking water for women herders in the soums of the Gobi region.



Public awareness about the negative impacts of mining raised

Grantee-partners:

*Bolor Soul
NGO, Capable
Development Future
NGO, Association to
Support Mongolian
Women's Labor
NGO, Umnugobi
branch of
Mongolian Women's
Association NGO*

There is a lack of information of negative impacts of mining on the health and safety of women herders in rural areas. Therefore, local NGOs created a TV program, a training handbook and posters to increase public awareness and build the understanding of local public on the negative consequences if they do not protect their rights.

Due to irresponsible mining, women herders in Tsenkher soum in Arkhangai province lost their drinking water. Mining licenses were revoked but the gold mining companies did not rehabilitate the degraded sites and these sites cannot be inhabited. Due to coal mining operations in Tsogtsetsii soum in Umnugobi province, destruction of livestock and the environment has increased, the income of herder women from milk and dairy products has been cut off, and the living conditions of people have become difficult. Documentaries covering these stories and stressing out the significance of public voice and women's participation have been produced and broadcast, reaching out to 131009 people. Also, a documentary was produced on the history of A.Dundulam, a woman from Bayan-Undur soum in Bayankhongor aimag, who successfully led the citizens in their fight to keep the mining company out of their area, before the mining operation was started.

Dust and dust particles in lungs cause deprivation of oxygen, which leads to the development of chronic diseases. It is particularly dangerous for pregnant women. Lack of oxygen can lead to miscarriages, premature births and fetal deaths. Small particles in zinc oxide dust fill the lungs, then travel through the bloodstream to placenta, thus, blocking oxygen.

(B. Batmunkh, Senior Physician, Tavan Tolgoi Mining Hospital, Umnugovi province)



Урхаг урхагшсаар байх уу?



Mongolian Women's Fund

subscribe



Байгаль орчин ба малчин эмэгтэйчүүд



Mongolian Women's Fund

subscribe



А.Дундуламын түүх



Mongolian Women's Fund

subscribe




Air pollution and maternal and child health issues through the eyes of women

Grantee-partners: More than 300 women-activists from discussed a wide range of solutions to the risks, impacts and consequences of air pollution for women and children, taking into account the different needs and factors of those affected. Air pollution leads to miscarriages, weakened immune systems, colds and cold complications in pregnant women. For example, when a child gets sick, young parents have to purchase of medicine, pay for hospitalization in case of complications, and take time off from work.

*MonFemNet
National Network*

Thus, the burden of unplanned expenses for young families increase and their income reduces. Moreover, air pollution began to affect family planning. Also, the burden of caring for children, affected by air pollution, is often borne by mothers, grandmothers, and sisters, and other family members are burdened financially, making families even more vulnerable. Air pollution affects quality of life, and breathing fresh air has become a "luxury" that increases social inequality. Public attitude to blame ger district residents for air pollution has increased and discrimination against ger dwellers is on the rise.

The forum participants discussed whether the policies and funding related to air pollution reduction are aimed at reducing the impact and risks on mothers and children, and analyzed the implementation of the policies. The need to develop policies and strategies to reduce the risks and adverse effects of air pollution on maternal and child health was identified, and women united their positions and voices and defined the direction of policy advocacy.



Families living in the ger districts of Ulaanbaatar, which have the highest levels of air pollution, have to travel far to get their babies to breathe fresh air, which can cost from 50,000 to 200,000 MNT for fuel, food and other necessities. But there are many families who can't afford it... The children in these families are hospitalized 2-3 times in the winter due to colds, and if they are not hospitalized, they spend at least 50,000 MNT on medicine. One of the reasons for the indirect impoverishment of families, especially young families, is that one of the parents is unable to work in order to take care of the child.

*(Participant of the annual forum
Through Women's Eyes)*

STRENGTHENING WOMEN'S MOVEMENT AND INCREASING WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION IN DECISION-MAKING

Women's collaboration and partnerships developed to increase the participation of women in decision-making

Women elected to the Citizens' Representative Councils in Arkhangai, Bayan-Ulgii, Dornod, Zavkhan and Tuv provinces, activists from women's NGOs, representatives of political parties, as well as women elected to Citizens' Representative Councils in 9 districts of Ulaanbaatar, gathered and worked together for increasing women's political participation. They shared their experiences on collaboration and

identified the opportunities to increase their participation in decision-making.

The main feature of this meeting was that not only women leaders participated in this dialogue but, also, representatives of political parties, and, jointly, they discussed the best practices, lessons, support for women-candidates.

Methodology for assessment of women's movement tested

The Global Fund for Women has developed the Movement Capacity Assessment Tool (MCAT), and, in collaboration with Women's Funds in six countries: Georgia, Spain, Kenya, Mexico, Mongolia, and Ukraine, conducted assessment using this tool. The main purpose of the assessment is to evaluate how the members, supporters and participants of a women's movement are defining their strengths and weaknesses, challenges, common issues, relationships between members, collaboration strategies and goals.

Also, the tool provides an opportunity to develop a plan for strengthening the movement, empowering its members, and supporting sustainability of the movement.

The movement's capacity assessment, conducted in Mongolia, included Social Partnership and Collaboration for Gender Equality in Dornod Province movement. A total of 78 people, including 55 representatives from 54 organizations, 23 women's rights and

human rights activists, specialists, researchers, representatives of public administration and civil service organizations, civil society, community groups participated in this assessment.

As a result of this assessment, the Gender Equality movement identified itself as being at a coalescing and mature stage of development.

The movement members concluded their future emphasis to be placed on strengthening the movement, building diverse youth and multi-stakeholder leadership through various activities, raising awareness on human rights defenders within the movement and in the community, building mechanism for protection of human rights defenders.

The members and stakeholders are working together to develop a one-year movement action plan, based on the results of the capacity assessment, and build a sustainable long-term strategy.

Women's NGOs and gender experts submitted their recommendations to the draft Gender Policy of the development banks

On September 19-20, 2019, Women's NGOs and national gender experts, in collaboration with international CEE Bankwatch Network and national OT Watch NGO, reviewed the Gender Policy of international financial institutions, and submitted recommendations to the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development's on its Gender Policy document.

In Mongolia, mega-projects are implemented through funding from international financial institutions, so strengthening the capacity of women's rights organizations and groups to monitor the implementation of gender policies in mega-projects was essential.



Protecting women's human rights defenders

Grantee-partners: Human rights defenders work for protection of human rights and women's rights, but they themselves are often at risk.

Urnukh Hugjil NGO

In partnership with:

The centre for human rights and development NGO

Human rights defenders lack knowledge of international and national laws that protect them, who and where to turn for help in case of violation of their rights.

Therefore, a training was organized for them to establish their knowledge and develop actions for self-protection. Women working for environmental justice increased their knowledge of understanding and assessing risks and dangerous situations, documentation of such risks, referral and support mechanisms.



EMPOWERING GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN

Girls and young women united for the rights

In early 2019, "Girls' Power" club was established by the girls interested in working together to increase their knowledge of human rights and women's rights. 40.2 percent of Mongolia's population is young people between the ages of 15 and 39.

They lack knowledge about human rights and women's rights. The members of the club used social media, which is the most commonly used by young people, opened a Facebook page, created vlogs and podcasts for young women and girls, and organized awareness building campaigns on human rights and women's rights

among students, created online discussions to learn directly from the girls and young women the issues they face.

In order to create an environmentally friendly attitude among young people, Girl's Power club members selected two universities, with the largest number of students, and organized a campaign for paper recycling through an "Eco Corner".

Through the activities of the Eco Corner more than 11,000 students built awareness on eco-conscious, environmentally-friendly actions,



habits and consumption behavior. In addition, an eco-friendly podcast series, Eco Donor, received 3,700 views online.

A total of 93 students participated in fun competitions, teamwork activities, and case studies, organized by the Girls' Power club, and

increased their knowledge about women's rights. Girls' Power girls were able to demonstrate to their peers how important it is for young people to be involved in protection of environment, and how they can influence others by making their voices heard.



Эко донор



Охидын хүч
GRL PWR club



PROVIDING SPACES TO WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS AND GROUPS FOR DIALOGUES AND SHARING

Grantee-partners exchanged their experiences

During this year's annual meeting of grantee-partners women's organizations and groups presented and shared their innovative experiences and best practices.

The meeting was attended by a total of 60 women from all parts of the country, representing women's groups fighting for gender equality and women's rights. The representatives of women's rights groups working on environmental justice

and mitigation of mining impacts shared their experiences on violations of women's rights due to environmental degradation and mining operations.

During the annual meeting, the grantee-partners strengthened their understanding of diverse women's rights issues and discussed horizontal and vertical ways of collaboration as well as solutions to protect women's rights.



“Let’s learn and let’s share”: Representatives of women’s rights and environmental organizations participated in the 8th UN Business and Human Rights Forum

Representatives of the Women’s Movement Against Mining in Asia (WAMA) and a member of the movement, MONES, participated in the 8th UN Business and Human Rights Forum in Geneva, Switzerland on November 25-27, 2019. In Asia, indigenous people and women are the ones who experience the biggest negative impact of the operations of mining companies and whose right to live in healthy and safe environment are violated the most. At this meeting of the United Nations Development

Programme’s Business and Human Rights Program in Asia, we presented that women herder in Mongolia experience the impacts, including water shortages, violations of the right to clean drinking water, livestock shortages, and increasing pasture desertification. Also, together with the WAMA members, we presented the overall situation and cases of human rights violations, caused by mining in the Asian region, to all participants.

Good practices of co-operation between environmental and women’s rights organizations in the Asian region

M.Dulamjav, Coordinator of the Urnukh Development NGO in Zavkhan Aimag, and Yo.Tuul, Coordinator of the LEOS Branch in Baganuur District, participated in the 4th “Women and Environmental Justice” meeting of Women’s Movement Against Mining in Asia (WAMA) movement, that brought together women-activists from Cambodia, India and the Philippines.

mining region, the types of support they need, and the good practices they have.

Also, they exchanged views on how to bring the local level campaigns against the negative effects of mining to the national level, how to support, encourage and educate emerging women’s groups, and they jointly planned their work at the regional and national levels.

The participants exchanged experiences on the challenges faced by women working in the



Women activists of the Asia-Pacific region participated in the Convergence on feminist philanthropy

A Convergence of the Women's Funds, grantee-partners and donors in the Asia-Pacific region was held in Bangkok, Thailand on September 25-27, 2019. This Convergence brought together women, trans* women, human rights defenders, activists, funders from all over the Asia-Pacific region and provided an opportunity to openly discuss and consult on strengthening the feminist philanthropy in the region.

Vulnerable groups in the Asia-Pacific region are increasingly marginalized due to the effects of climate change in the region, the rise of far-right political ideology, militarization, religious extremism and the neo-liberal economy.

Therefore, the participants agreed, the changes the feminist movements fight for are

more important than ever before. Given the current situation in the Asia-Pacific region, feminist movements face both opportunities and challenges in resource mobilization. For example, new opportunities are emerging, such as accessing resources through effective mechanisms for large grants, change in the attitude toward donating among companies, foundations, and the wealthy.

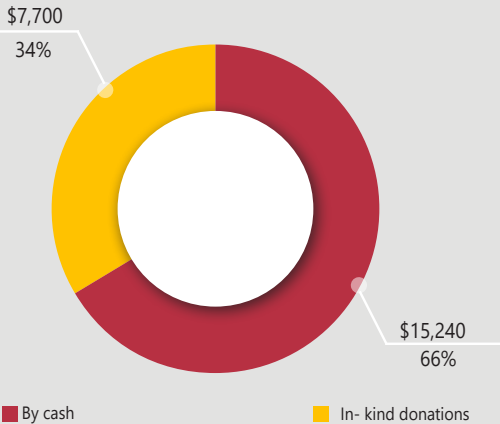
The three-day Revolutionizing Philanthropy Convergence provided an opportunity for representatives of 34 women's rights organizations and groups in the Asia-Pacific region to share their vision for sustainable and flexible funding for women's and girls' human rights. Representatives of 8 grantee-partners of MONES participated in this regional meeting.



LOCAL DONORS UNITED FOR IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF WOMEN'S LIVES

With the support of 339 individual donors and 24 companies, who directly donated to MONES, and many people, who donated through the donation boxes, 40.6 million MNT in cash and MNT 20.5 million MNT in non-cash funds were raised for the development of girls and women.

LOCAL FUNDRAISING 2019



BEST INDIVIDUAL DONORS IN 2019

- T. Idertsagaan, Governor of 16th Khoroo, Chingeltei District
- B. Bujinkhand, Self-employed



BEST CORPORATE DONORS IN 2019

- MONGOLBAZALT LLC
- SHINELEG SUUTS LLC

Donations from individual donors and corporations improved the living conditions of single mothers with large families

The VIP fundraising event "Outstanding Women in Politics" and the International Philanthropists' Day fundraising party were organized under the motto of improving the livelihood of single mothers.

Donations from 124 individual donors and 19 organizations were used to build an environmentally friendly, heat-efficient house for a single mother in Chingeltei district.

219 people and 5 organizations joined the challenge on prevention of online sexual harassment

An online fundraising campaign for protecting girls and women from sexual violence was organized from March 11 to March 22 under the motto "Preventing Online Sexual Harassment", and 219 individuals and 5 organizations joined the campaign and made donations.

Donations collected through the donation boxes

Our donation boxes are placed at 8 bakery shops of Batbaigal LLC, 5 bakery shops of Jur Ur LLC, and 2 stores of Zaya Pharmacy LLC. Donations from clients of these companies contributed to financial and emotional empowerment of mothers of children with special needs and supported victims of violence.

GRANTEE-PARTNERS IN 2019

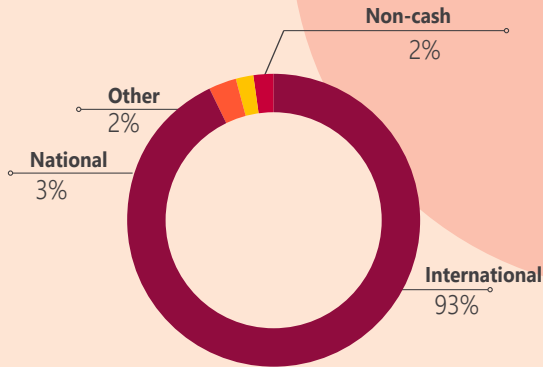
Association to Support Mongolian Women's Labor NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Bat Zorig Foundation NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Beautiful Hearts Campaign NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Bolor Soul NGO, Arkhangai province
 Capable Development Future NGO, Arkhangai province
 CEDAW Watch NGO branch, Zavkhan province
 Charity Celebration NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Child Protection NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Common Rights – Development NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Compass Center NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Development Center for Youth and Women NGO, Dornod province
 Development Without Borders NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Family and Public Development Center NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Flourishing Development Network NGO, Zavkhan province
 Gender Equality Center NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Girls' Stories NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Human Rights Center for Supporting Citizens NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Intellectual Exercise NGO, Baganuur district
 Intellectual Kids NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Jargalant Development Support NGO, Tuv province
 LEOS NGO branch, Baganuur district
 LEOS NGO branch, Dornod province
 LGBT Center NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Life Skills for Mothers and Children NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Moms and Dads against Smog NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 MonFemNet National Network NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Monglian Women's Federation NGO branch, Bayan-Ulgii province
 Mongolian Journalists' Association NGO branch, Zavkhan province
 Mongolian National Federation of Blind NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Munguntuya, single mother in Chingeltei district
 National Center Against Violence NGO branch, Baganuur district
 National Center Against Violence NGO branch, Bayan-Ulgii province
 National Center Against Violence NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 One Root NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Pearl Bridge of Steppes NGO, Dornod province
 Skilled People NGO, Umnugobi province
 Steps Without Borders NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Parent-Teacher Association Mongolia NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Uran Tsets Education Development Association NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Volunteers' Group, Ulaanbaatar
 We Will Help You NGO, Arkhangai province
 Women for Change NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Women Leader Foundation NGO, Ulaanbaatar
 Women's Federation NGO branch, Umnugobi province
 Youth Self-Help Center NGO, Zavkhan province

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS

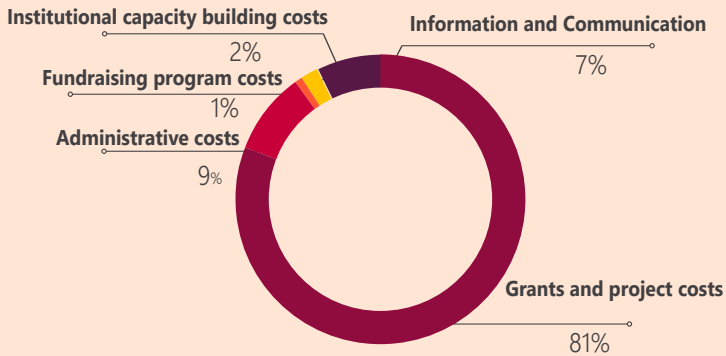
2019/01/01-2019/12/31

In 2019, we received \$506,815 from international and national donors.

TOTAL INCOME \$506,815



TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$535,302



BOARD MEMBERS

Sh.Tsevelmaa,
Chair of the Board, Former First Lady
of Mongolia

N.Chinchuluun,
Founder and Advisor

D.Naran,
Freelance translator

D.Munkhnasan,
Executive Director, Sayan Well-being
Association NGO

D.Byambatsetseg,
MNB Editor

B.Shurentsetseg,
Writer

S.Baigalmaa,
CEO, Batbaigal LLC

L.Nyamgerel,
CEO, Bayan Cashmere LLC

B. Nominzul,
Director, Energun Construction LLC

EXECUTIVE TEAM

B.Erdenechimeg,
Executive Director

L. Bolor,
Program Director

D. Buyanjargal,
Domestic Fundraising program
coordinator

P. Davaanamjil,
Grantmaking program officer

L.Ariunzul,
Grantmaking program officer

Ch.Uyanga,
MEL officer

A. Khaliunaa,
Communication officer

E. Dulguun,
Administrative and Program assistant

D. Ariuntsatsral,
Financial officer

Follow and join us on



Contact us
+976 7711 9991



More information
Mongolianwomensfund.mn



Join us
FemPhilanthropist



Join us
Mongolian Women's Fund



Follow us
MONES2000



Join us
MONES2000

Make your donations to support our work through the following channels:

- Online
- Envelopes
- Fundraising events
- Campaigns
- Training

DONATE US:

KHAN Bank
5031039208

Trade and development bank of Mongolia,
453016378



Sukhbaatar district
Building 48, Suite 305
Ulaanbaatar-46A, P.O.B 280
Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia
+976 7711 9991



